



SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

OF

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1905.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1905.

*Constituting Court for hearing Petition re Licensing Poll, Invercargill.*

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority in that behalf conferred upon me by "The Licensing Acts Amendment Act, 1904," I, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby decide that the Stipendiary Magistrates hereinafter named shall constitute the Court for the hearing of any petition for inquiry into the conduct of the licensing poll taken in the Invercargill Licensing District on the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and five, viz:—

SAMUEL ERNEST MCCARTHY, Esquire, Stipendiary Magistrate, Invercargill;

FREDERICK JAMES BURGESS, Esquire, Stipendiary Magistrate, Queenstown; and

WILLIAM GLENDINNING RIDDELL, Esquire, Stipendiary Magistrate, Dunedin.

As witness my hand this twenty-ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and five.

PLUNKET, Governor.

*Empowering Native Appellate Court to hear Appeal under Section 62 of "The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1895."*

PLUNKET, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this nineteenth day of December, 1905.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section sixty-two of "The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1895," it is provided that in any case in which application has been or shall be made to the Chief Judge of the Native Land Court, under section thirty-nine of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," in respect of any order of the Court determining the succession to the estate of any Native deceased, the Governor, on being certified by the Chief Judge as in the said section is provided, may, by Order in Council, empower the Native Appellate Court to deal with such application as a valid appeal under "The Native Land Court Act, 1894": And whereas the Chief Judge has, in respect of the application of Ethel May Ellison under section thirty-nine aforesaid, certified as by the said section sixty-two is required: And whereas the said application in all other respects complies with the requirements of the last-mentioned section:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority enabling him in that behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby empower the Native Appellate Court to deal with the said application as an appeal,

under the provisions of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," from the orders of Court hereinafter specified, that is to say,—

The two orders of the Court, dated the sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and five, appointing Hinemura Ellison to succeed to the interest of Tame Rangiwahia Ellison, deceased, in Te Aro Pa, Section 24, and Polhill's Gully, Section 22.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Empowering Native Appellate Court to hear Appeal under Section 62 of "The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1895."*

PLUNKET, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this nineteenth day of December, 1905.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section sixty-two of "The Native Land Laws Amendment Act, 1895," it is provided that in any case in which application has been or shall be made to the Chief Judge of the Native Land Court, under section thirty-nine of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," in respect of any order of the Court determining the succession to the estate of any Native deceased, the Governor, on being certified by the Chief Judge as in the said section is provided, may, by Order in Council, empower the Native Appellate Court to deal with such application as a valid appeal under "The Native Land Court Act, 1894": And whereas the Chief Judge has, in respect of the application of Pita Maaka Tarapiko and Pohoi te Tahatika under section thirty-nine aforesaid, certified as by the said section sixty-two is required: And whereas the said application in all other respects complies with the requirements of the last-mentioned section:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority enabling him in that behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby empower the Native Appellate Court to deal with the said application as an appeal, under the provisions of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," from the order of Court hereinafter specified, that is to say,—

The order of the Court, dated the fourteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and five, appointing Mereana Peka Mokena, Kere Raniera, Harete Raniera, and Tarapipi te Waharoa to succeed to the interest of Maaka Tarapiko, deceased, in the New Zealand Company's "tenth," Nelson.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

By Authority: JOHN MACKAY, Government Printer, Wellington.

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be clearly documented and verified. The second section covers the process of reconciling accounts, ensuring that all entries match the actual financial data. This involves comparing the ledger with bank statements and receipts. The third part addresses the need for regular audits to detect any discrepancies or errors. It suggests that audits should be conducted at least once a year. The final section provides a summary of the key points and offers some practical advice for managing the accounting process effectively.